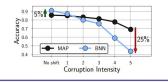
Dangers of Bayesian Model Averaging under Covariate Shift

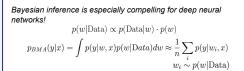
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Overview

- We show that Bayesian model averaging (BMA) can be problematic under covariate shift in cases when linear dependencies in the inputs cause lack of posterior contraction.
- The same issue does not affect MAP and several approximate Bayesian deep learning methods.
- · We propose a new prior that improves the robustness of BNNs.
- These issues could affect virtually any real-world application of Bayesian model averaging with neural networks.



Bayesian neural networks

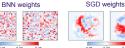


Covariate shift

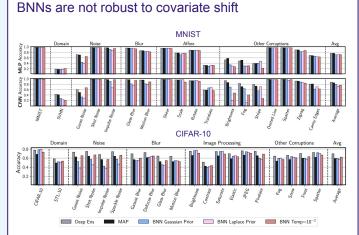
Target data distribution is different from the distribution used for training. $p_{\rm train}(x,y)=p_{\rm train}(x)p(y|x)$; $p_{\rm test}(x,y)=p_{\rm test}(x)p(y|x)$

Intuition: MLP on MNIST





- Weights in the first MLP layer corresponding to dead pixels have no effect on the likelihood.
- The posterior for these weights is the same as the prior.
- At test time due to noise dead pixels activate; the corresponding weights sampled from the prior now hurt predictions.
- MAP sets these weights to zero and ignores the dead pixels.

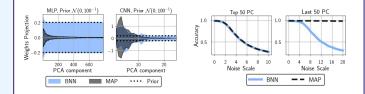


BNNs underperform Deep Ensembles and MAP solutions over a wide range of shifts!

Theoretical explanation

Theorem (Informal): Suppose we use an *i.i.d.* Gaussian prior in a Bayesian MLP. Suppose there exists a constant linear combination in the input features. Then

- There will exist a direction in the parameter space such that the posterior along this direction coincides with the prior.
- The MAP solution will set this projection to zero.
- The BMA prediction will be susceptible to perturbations breaking the linear dependence, while the MAP solution will ignore them.



WYU

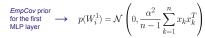


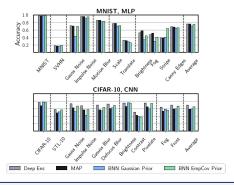
Paper

Generalization to CNNs Theorem (Informal): Same result applies to convolutional layers, assuming there is a linear dependence in the dataset of all k x k patches, where k is the size of the convolutional filter. Low-variance directions on CIFAR-10

Fix: EmpCov prior

Idea: Reduce prior variance along low-variance directions in data





Which BDL methods are affected?

- · This is a foundational issue with Bayesian model averaging.
- High-fidelity approximate inference, such as HMC, can be especially affected. VI and SG-MCMC can also be affected.
- MAP, Deep Ensembles, MC-Dropout, SWAG are unaffected.

Code